

# Inverse f-distribution

The inverse f-distribution is a continuous probability distribution which is the inverse of the variable distributed according to the f-distribution.

$$a := \text{curve2d}(\text{finv}(y, 1, 1), y, 0, 0.97, 20)$$

$$b := \text{curve2d}(\text{finv}(y, 2, 1), y, 0, 0.97, 20)$$

$$c := \text{curve2d}(\text{finv}(y, 5, 2), y, 0, 0.97, 20)$$

$$d := \text{curve2d}(\text{finv}(y, 10, 1), y, 0, 0.97, 20)$$

Name	Title	Color	Origin
a	(1,1)	-----	
b	(2, 1)	-----	
c	(5, 2)	-----	
d	(10, 1)	-----	

