## Signal envelope

The function, envelope returns the upper envelope of the input sequence, as the magnitude. If x is a matrix, then the envelope operates independently over each and every column of x. In this example, we generate the test signal as a suppressed cosine.

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\begin{split} &\text{Dt:=curve2d}(x\text{ ,}-10\text{ ,}10\text{ ,}10001) \quad \text{Time axis} \\ &\text{dt:=col2vec}(\text{Dt ,}0) \\ &\text{a:=0.2} \quad \text{Damping factor} \\ &\text{signal1:=-0.75+mul}\Big(\sin(\pi \cdot 2\text{ dt}), \exp(-a\text{ dt})\Big) \quad \text{Dumped sinusoidal with DC bias} \\ &\text{gs:=join mat cols}(\text{dt , signal1}) \quad \text{Graph of the signal} \\ &\text{genv:=join mat cols}\Big(\text{dt , envelopetop}(\text{signal1})\Big) \quad \text{Graph of the top envelope of signal} \\ &\text{gloenv:=join mat cols}\Big(\text{dt , envelopebottom}\big(\text{signal1}\big)\Big) \quad \text{Graph of the low envelope} \end{split}
```

